Memory and the Senses

Across
2. One of your senses. You can detect Light and colour is detected by using the cells in the back of the eye.
4. Way to store information temporarily (less than a minute).
5. Way to store information for long periods of time (days, months, years).
7. This sense happens when hair cells in the ear move in response to different sounds.
8. The process of storing experiences in the brain and remembering them later. You can have these for all 5 senses.

Down
1. Type of light that is released from the sun that can be damaging for your eyes.
2. Type of memory that holds information for less than one second.
3. A sense that uses receptors (cells) in our skin that detect pressure, vibration, and contact.
4. One of your senses. You use special cells in the nose detect different scents in the air from the air that we breathe. Can also help detect flavour in food.
6. You use your ........‘buds’ for this sense. They are on your tongue that and react to salt, sour, bitter, and sweet taste flavours in food.

1u l
2 s i g h t
3 t
4 s h o r t - t e r m
5 l o n g - t e r m
6 s e
7 h e a r i n g
8 m e m o r y